



DEFENCE EXPORT CONTROLS AUDIT FACTSHEET

There are two types of audit that can occur, depending on the circumstances

1 Entity Self-Audit

An entity self-audit can be completed by the permit holder to ensure organisations comply with Defence Trade Controls Act 2012. Should an issue arise (such as a potential breach of legislation) best practice is to notify DEC Compliance as soon as possible with mitigating circumstances to assist in the support provided.

2 Desktop Audit

A Desktop Audit is conducted by Defence Export Controls (DEC) to check historical exports and the permit's amendments, details and compliance history to determine potential breaches or further reporting is required.

0

SELF-AUDIT PRINCIPLES

Defence Export Controls offers easy-tofollow guidance to help organisations conduct voluntary internal self-audits.

Regular self-audits involve regulated entities reviewing their internal documentation to confirm they meet record-keeping and permit requirements which you can provide to Defence.

Self-audits are voluntary and cannot be enforced by Defence Export Controls.

Self-Audit Steps

- Access templates: Use the Self Audit Checklist available through the My Australian Defence Exports (MADE) portal.
- Conduct the Self-Audit: Review all relevant information from Defence Export Controls, including compliance resources, and review internal records.
- Notify DEC: If a potential breach is identified, notify DEC through the MADE portal using the Voluntary Disclosure template.

Consequences of Non-Compliance

- Non-compliance can result in criminal charges. If found guilty of an offence, penalties of imprisonment and/or fines can be imposed.
- Publicity resulting from noncompliance can lead to significant reputational damage.
- Regulatory investigations and sanctions can disrupt business operations.

Red Flag Indicators

What to look for in controlled activities

Preight Forwarders as Final Destination: Used to hide the true recipient or purpose.

Refusal to Disclose End-Use: Could indicate potential misuse or diversion.

Business Mismatch:

Suggests the buyer may not be the actual end-user.

Suspicious Shipping Routes:

May signal efforts to bypass export controls.

Unusual Payment Methods:

Can indicate attempts to avoid transaction records.



Contact us

defence.gov.au/business-industry/export/controls

@ exportcontrols@defence.gov.au

1800 DEFENCE, Option 4

