



Annual Environmental Offset Strategy Performance Report

July 2024



Greenbank Training Area, QLD
EPBC 2011/5896

Department of Defence



Contents

Background 3

Summary outcomes for the reporting period 3

Summary of progress 4

 Activity 1 – Formally identify and protect the offset area 8

 Activity 3 – Baseline surveys 8

 Activity 4 – Establish monitoring program 8

 Activity 5 – Weed eradication and suppression program 9

 Activity 6 – Vertebrate pest management program 9

 Activity 7 – Other habitat improvement measures 10

 Activity 8 – Fauna movement measures 10

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Background

This report is the fifth Performance Report against the Environmental Offset Strategy, mandated under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) Approval 2011/5896 for the Greenbank Training Area (GBTA), Queensland.

Condition two of the EPBC Act approval for the construction and operation of Defence training facilities at the GBTA, required Defence to prepare and submit an Environmental Offset Strategy, to identify measures to compensate for residual adverse environmental impacts. The Offset Strategy was submitted to the Department of the Environment on 31 October 2018, and approved by the delegate on 10 December 2018.

Condition three of the EPBC Act approval requires Defence to prepare an annual Performance Report of progress against the Offset Strategy. The Offset Strategy is being implemented over a ten-year period from January 2019 to December 2028. The first Performance Report was submitted on 15 May 2020 and included progress over the initial 15 month delivery period. Subsequent Performance Reports are submitted annually.

GBTA Environment Offset Strategy Performance Reports are published and publicly available on the Defence Environmental Compliance website at www.defence.gov.au/id/environmental.asp.

Summary outcomes for the reporting period

The offset area continues to be managed in accordance with the Offset Strategy. Many of the foundational activities to establish the offset area have been completed in previous reporting periods. Some activities are yet to be completed or are part of ongoing management of the offset area.

The offset area continues to be monitored and managed for pests and weeds. Targeted management of these species was conducted between September 2023 and February 2024. Follow up feral animal management is currently being scoped.

Extensive baseline data collected in previous years including monitoring of the 250 nest boxes within the offset area, and others across the broader site, will be incorporated into the research and monitoring project to be established at the site during 2025. The monitoring results will be included in the next reporting period.

As highlighted in the 2023 Performance Report, an internal Defence audit into implementation up until year four (4), was required as part of the Offset Strategy. As an outcome of the audit, Defence has now established the Greenbank Training Area Offset Area Reference Group (Reference Group) to assist with oversight and improve delivery of the Offset Strategy. The Reference Group is comprised of Defence senior leadership group representatives to ensure a collaborative approach to delivering the Offset Strategy and the required outcomes.

The Reference Group is currently developing an Offset Implementation Plan which will include a review of the outcomes, delivery methods and performance measures to achieve the Offset Strategy objectives. It is anticipated that the research project identified in the Offset Strategy will commence in the coming reporting period and will address the requirement for more comprehensive monitoring.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Summary of progress

The following provides a summary of progress against the Offset Strategy completion criteria and performance targets.

Table 1. Actions against Offset Strategy activities and targets between May 2023 and April 2024.

Activity	Description of proposed works	Key Performance Indicator	Timeframe for completion
1. Formally identify offset area and update administrative arrangements to protect the offset area	1.1 Confirm offset location on and seek endorsement from Assistant Secretary Estate Plans (ASEP) in Defence.	Site Selection brief signed by ASEP Achieved through equivalent process of endorsement.	Completed December 2018
	1.2 Update Range Standing Orders	Training Area Standing Orders updated to reflect offset area.	Completed March 2019
	1.3 Offset area and management requirements uploaded to Garrison and Estate Management System (GEMS).	Environmental Offset Environmental Factors (EFRs) created in GEMS for Training Areas TA1b, TA2 and Oxley Creek northern exit corridor.	Completed March 2019
2. Establish Oxley Creek management framework	2.1 Identification of immediate high value revegetation and weed management works with Oxley Creek Catchment Management Association.	Minuted outcomes from on-site meeting provided advice to Defence on practical measures that could be put in place to ensure integration of Oxley Creek northern exit corridor works to contribute to downstream master planning and whole-of- catchment strategies for weed and waterway improvements.	Completed December 2018
	2.2 Collaboratively determine GBTA Oxley Creek management thresholds with Oxley Creek Catchment Authority (OCCA) and GBTA Environmental Advisory Committee (EAC).	Minuted acceptance by EAC of core actions and thresholds with respect to environmental improvements of Oxley Creek northern exit corridor (e.g. weed density, established native replacement vegetation). Monitoring facilities and baseline data uploaded to GEMS. Target thresholds for key taxa (if appropriate) identified and recorded against monitoring facilities in GEMS.	Completed December 2019
3. Baseline surveys	3.1 Undertake baseline BioCondition assessment. <i>Not yet undertaken. Photometric recording of vegetation condition is available and it has the potential to reconstruct assessments based on updated field work recently completed by QLD Herbarium.</i>	Monitoring facilities and monitoring data uploaded to GEMS.	Incomplete. To be delivered within the scope and contract for a full monitoring and research program in 2024-2025 program.
	3.2 Undertake baseline survey of fauna using live trapping, cameras, sound recorders, secondary evidence, and direct observation.	Environmental factor records entered or updated in GEMS.	Incomplete Data has not been uploaded to GEMS due to a lack of system function. This is currently being remedied. Originally scheduled June 2019

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Activity	Description of proposed works	Key Performance Indicator	Timeframe for completion
	3.3 Undertake baseline fauna crossing assessments in TA2, Sandy Creek, and Oxley Creek northern exit corridor.	Monitoring facilities and baseline data uploaded to GEMS.	Completed June 2020
4. Establish monitoring program	4.1 Establish long-term remote camera and sound monitoring program, ideally in collaboration with Wildlife Preservation Society of QLD at a subset of baseline survey locations. <i>This and related actions have been partially conducted, but the combined research/monitoring program timing needs to be adjusted. Some camera and sound recorders were deployed during this reporting period. No significant changes to knowledge of site vertebrate faunas was revealed by this monitoring.</i>	Agreement in place with WPSQ to integrated community-based monitoring. Monitoring facilities and data uploaded to GEMS. Target thresholds for key taxa (if appropriate) identified and recorded against monitoring facilities in GEMS.	Incomplete. To be delivered within the scope and contract for a full monitoring and research program in 2024-2025 program. Timeline to be revised.
	4.2 Establish long-term BioCondition monitoring plots at a sub-set of baseline assessment locations that exhibit current deficiencies against target benchmark conditions. <i>As per above 3.1. Not yet undertaken. Photometric recording of vegetation condition is available and has the potential to reconstruct assessments based on recent field work by QLD Herbarium</i>	Agreement in place with WPSQ to integrated community-based monitoring Monitoring facilities and data uploaded to GEMS Target thresholds for key taxa (if appropriate) identified and recorded against monitoring facilities in GEMS. BioCondition monitoring is scheduled for March-April 2025.	Incomplete. To be delivered within the scope and contract for a full monitoring and research program in 2024-2025 program. Timeline to be revised.
	4.3 Establish nest box monitoring program	Monitoring facilities and monitoring data uploaded to GEMS.	Completed December 2022
	4.4 Conduct annual monitoring activities in accordance with finalised arrangements. See below.	Monitoring data uploaded to GEMS within 28 days of completion of annual surveys.	Ongoing (Annually until) December 2028
5. Weed eradication and suppression program	5.1 All weeds within offset area identified and treated to the minimum standard required by Queensland weed and pest animal strategy (2016-2020), and all occurrences of class 2 weeds identified and removed.	Any "Eradication" or "Containment: Area A" weeds identified within the offset area treated. Individual monitoring facilities created for each occurrence and target thresholds of "0" individuals recorded against each facility in GEMS.	Ongoing from December 2019
	5.2 Eradication or continuous suppression to less than 5% of baseline levels of all class 2 weeds and WONS in the offset area.	Monitoring program yields no records of class 2 weed species.	Ongoing
	5.3 Continuously suppress class 3 weeds to less than 10% of their baseline levels.	No threshold breaches recorded by monitoring program.	Ongoing

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Activity	Description of proposed works	Key Performance Indicator	Timeframe for completion
6. Vertebrate pest management program	6.1 Continue current site-wide pest management	Camera monitoring program and fauna movement structures research have reduction in detection rate of introduced predators, or no increase from a zero-detection baseline.	Ongoing
	6.2 Reactively treat detections of dogs, cats, foxes into offset area noted by monitoring or research programs.	Camera monitoring program and fauna movement structures research have reduction in detection rate of introduced predators, or no increase from a zero-detection baseline.	Ongoing
	6.3 Reactively treat any incursions of pigs and deer into GBTA.	Monitoring detects no presence or damage to habitat quality caused by pigs or deer.	Ongoing
7. Other habitat improvement measures	7.1 Increase coarse woody debris in TA2 through opportunistic distribution of material sourced from tree management and other works on site.	BioCondition monitoring records 10% increase in coarse woody debris length over baseline.	Ongoing
	7.2 Opportunistically increase ground shelter in TA2 and TA1b by ensuring coarse woody debris includes, or is supplemented with, hollow timber or other shelter, or is arranged to provide areas of cover.	Annual reporting documents activity has been undertaken. Photographs uploaded against BioCondition monitoring facilities in GEMS.	Ongoing
	7.3 Fine-scale ecological burning with spot ignitions to achieve mosaic targets set down in RE fire management guidelines and to support achievement of BioCondition sub-canopy layer targets.	Fire history reflects burn prescriptions in QLD Government Regional Ecosystem Fire Management Guidelines.	Ongoing
	7.4 Supplementation of nesting hollows.	Monitoring of nest box use indicates uptake by native species.	Completed December 2023
	7.5 Potential localised erosion issues documented.	Notable erosion recorded in GEMS as EFRs.	Partially complete Notable erosion recorded however awaiting data uploads into GEMS.
	7.6 Monitoring of localised erosion.	Monitoring facilities recorded in GEMS for all erosion EFRs. Vegetation cover and feature size thresholds defined for all erosion features in GEMS based on no increase in size, and maintaining or increasing current vegetation cover.	Completed June 2024

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Activity	Description of proposed works	Key Performance Indicator	Timeframe for completion
	7.7 Remediation of localised erosion features that are not stabilised	Monitoring data indicates vegetation and size thresholds have not been exceeded.	December 2024
8. Fauna movement measures	8.1 Increase fence permeability for ground-dwelling fauna and koalas in TA2 and Oxley Creek northern exit corridor. Initial advice from researchers is that the fence line is readily crossed by koalas and quolls. This and related actions have been partially conducted, but the combined research/monitoring program is one of the elements to be reviewed in 2024/25.	Fauna gates and other measures in place. Monitoring data indicates increased fauna movement. Gates and informal crossings are in place, but no additional crossings have been added due to advice that the fence line does not present a significant movement barrier. Data has not been uploaded to GEMS due to a lack of system function. This is currently being remedied.	June 2022. Timeline to be revised.
	8.2 Selective adjustments to fauna movement structures based on research program. This and related actions have been partially conducted, but the combined research/ monitoring program is one of the elements to be reviewed in 2024/25.	(if possible) Monitoring indicates increased movement by koalas and quolls.	December 2024. Timeline to be revised.
	8.3 Establish a Research partnership to: • Increase fence permeability for ground-dwelling fauna and koalas in TA2 and Oxley Creek northern exit corridor. • Establish effectiveness of fauna movement structures under Centenary Highway in maintaining connectivity of TA1a and TA1b. • If relevant, suggest collaborative enhancements to Qld Transport and Main Roads and improve supporting habitat features around fauna crossings. This and related actions have been partially conducted, but the combined research/ monitoring program is one of the elements to be reviewed in 2024/205.	Research paper or report available.	Incomplete. To be delivered within the scope and contract for a full monitoring and research program in 2024-2025 program.
	8.4 Conduct annual monitoring As above with respect to more general issues with research and monitoring. Cameras were set to monitor formal crossings. However, alternative methods will be required for local species.	Annual monitoring data uploaded to GEMS Data has not been uploaded to GEMS due to a lack of system function. This is currently being remedied.	(Annually until) December 2028

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Activity 1 – Formally identify and protect the offset area

This activity requires Defence to formally identify the offset area and update administrative arrangements to ensure its protection. Since the commencement of the offset period, the offset area has been formally identified and registered in the Defence Garrison and Estate Management System (GEMS) and in the Training Area Safety and Management Information System (TASMIS). GBTA Training Area Standing Orders (TASO) limits and restricts activities that are allowed to occur within the offset area to those that would not damage or increase risk to the offset area. Boundary signage has been installed around the perimeter. This alerts all site users to the status and restricted use of the area to ensure its ongoing protection.

Activity 2 – Establish Oxley Creek Management Framework

This requirement is ongoing and adaptive based on the capacity of external parties to attend and integrate programs of works with Defence. The environmental advisory committee for the site met on 30 May 2023. Defence personnel contribute to the quarterly Oxley Creek Management Forum led by local government, focusing on funding remediation of erosion in the catchment. Defence will continue to support this forum as well as the other forums identified in Activity 3.

Activity 3 – Baseline surveys

Extensive baseline data has been collected, as outlined in previous reporting periods. The Queensland Herbarium completed detailed vegetation monitoring of the site during the reporting period. This data will be used to inform a detail report on the baseline conditions and will inform a combined research and monitoring program to be established in 2024-25. Additional surveys and monitoring will form part of the schedule of activities to be completed 2024-2025

An internal audit into implementation of the Offset Strategy identified a number of issues with timings of delivery and internal management of the offset delivery, including baseline surveys, ongoing monitoring and data management. As an outcome of the audit, Defence has established the Greenbank Training Area Offset area Reference Group (Reference Group) to assist with oversight and improve delivery of the Offset Strategy. The Reference Group is comprised of Defence senior leadership group representatives to ensure a collaborative approach to delivering the Offset Strategy and the required outcomes. The Reference Group met on 26 June 2024 and are scheduled to meet again in November 2024. The Reference Group has also established a working group to progress key deliverables such as the baseline surveys and monitoring in the coming reporting period.

Activity 4 – Establish monitoring program

Whilst no specific surveys for Koalas and Quolls were completed during the reporting period, opportunistic camera and acoustic monitoring was completed through vertebrate pest management as well as monitoring for Yellow-Bellied Glider. Extensive baseline data has been collected in previous years and this data will be used to inform the scope and contract for a full monitoring and research program to be established under the Offset Strategy, to be delivered by an external party.

Nest box monitoring was not deployed during this reporting period however previous monitoring of the 250 nest boxes within the offset area, and others across the broader site, has shown consistent increase in nest box usage from 2019 to 2023. Review of the previous monitoring will be incorporated into the research and monitoring project to be established at the site during 2025 and will be included in the next reporting period.

Photo point and opportunistic remote camera monitoring is ongoing across the offset site and will be used in the next reporting period. **Figure 1** indicates the remote camera locations within the offset area.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Yellow-Bellied Glider acoustic surveys were conducted on the Greenbank Training Area from 15 September 2023 to 12 October 2023. The aim was to contribute to a regional audio acoustic surveys to identify habitat and corridors used by yellow-bellied gliders to drive targeted and appropriate species management measures. Acoustic monitors were deployed along the boundaries of the southern offset area. The monitors were programmed to record from 1900 hours to 0400 hours and remained in-situ for the 28 day period. Data collected during the survey period was analysed through specialised software using an internally developed call classifier. Individual species recordings were then manually identified, and the data recorded. Yellow-Bellied Glider, Powerful Owl, Southern Boobook Owl, Grey-headed Flying-foxes and Brushtail Possum calls were identified on the recordings. The highest number of positive Yellow-Bellied Glider calls were recorded on a single recorder (AM9) within the offset area. No Koala calls were heard on the recordings. **Figure 2** shows the heat map of all recordings for the period.

Activity 5 – Weed eradication and suppression program

Defence continues an intensive program to identify and manage weeds in the offset area in an effort to eradicate and suppress them. In the reporting period, treatment of weeds was conducted with a medium to high priority focus on weed species listed within the Biosecurity and Overabundant Native Species (BONS), Weeds of National Significance (WoNS) and the *Biosecurity Act 2014*. **Table 2** includes a full list of species treated.

A comparison of listed weed species recorded within the survey area was made with the historical weed data recorded by Ecosure in 2016 (Ecosure 2016) and Australian Environmental Landscapes (AEL 2021). **Table 2** indicates that the weed suppression program is demonstrating mixed results dependent upon the species. The positive outcomes included:

- Six weed species previously detected in TA1b were not detected in 2023.
- The total number of weed species detected in TA1b has reduced since 2016.
- One species previously detected at TA2 was not detected in 2023.

Areas that require attention include:

- Two species persist at TA2 and another two species are at TA1b since 2016.
- The number of weed species recorded has progressively increased year on year in TA2, and have only reduced by one in the nine years at TA1b.
- In 2023 there was 11 new species that were detected across the offset site.

Activity 6 – Vertebrate pest management program

The 2023-2024 vertebrate pest management program consisted of three elements: (i) pre-control camera monitoring; (ii) control program; and (iii) post-control camera monitoring. Species targeted included wild dogs (*Canis familiaris*), foxes (*Vulpes vulpes*) and feral cats (*Felis catus*). Pre-control monitoring was completed between 9 October 2023 and 23 October 2023 using infrared remote cameras and detection of species are collated at **Table 3** and identified at **Figure 3**. During this period there were: 12 observations of wild dog, 18 observations of foxes and two observations of feral cat. No other pest species were observed during pre-control monitoring.

The control program included the use of soft-jaw foothold traps deployed across 14 locations between 1 November 2023 and 15 November 2023 to target foxes, dogs, and cats (**Figure 4**). The trapping program was impacted due to inclement weather (rain) for approximately eight

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

days. No pest animals were successfully trapped. Ground-based night shooting activities were undertaken between 23 January 2024 to 1 February 2024. One European hare was removed during the ground-based night shooting activities.

Post-control monitoring was completed between 1 February 2024 and 9 February 2024 (**Figure 5**). During this period, the cameras detected three observations of wild dog and two observations of a fox. No other pest animals were observed during post-control monitoring.

The vertebrate pest management program was largely unsuccessful and will be a priority for review, including a lessons learnt exercise with the contractor ahead of the scoping for the next round of management in 2025.

Activity 7 – Other habitat improvement measures

In the reporting period, Defence conducted a number of hazard reduction burns as part of its annual bushfire mitigation works schedule for the GBTA. Hazard reduction burns clear out the understorey of dense vegetation, facilitating some weed reduction and facilitating fauna movement across the site. Before any burns are conducted, a Burn Implementation Plan is reviewed and approved, including by Defence environment and sustainability personnel. Bushfire mitigation works only proceed when conditions are optimal and aim to have low intensity cool burns to allow fauna movements.

Activity 8 – Fauna movement measures

Early results reported in 2020 period showed that some fence crossings are frequently used by native and pest fauna. However anecdotal evidence suggest that some areas could benefit from additional fauna movement structures to aid in koala and Quoll movements. The Offset Strategy aims to preferentially promote faunal movement along the Oxley Creek corridor as identified in **Figure 7**.

To better understand the use of the fauna crossing and as well as detection of koalas and Quoll within the offset site, to deliver preferential faunal movements, Defence is now finalising the scope and procurement arrangements to establish an integrated research partnership, which will examine the offset site and surrounds. This research is also aimed at increasing knowledge of koala distribution and preferred crossing methods that should benefit land management for koala management across South East Queensland.

The research will include undertaking baseline fauna crossing assessments in TA2, Sandy Creek, and Oxley Creek northern exit corridor and establish a research partnership to:

- Increase fence permeability for ground-dwelling fauna and Koalas in TA2 and Oxley Creek northern exit corridor
- Selective adjustment fauna movement structures based on research program
- Establish effectiveness of fauna movement structures under Centenary Highway in maintaining connectivity of TA1a and TA1b
- If relevant suggest collaborative enhancements to QLD Transport and Main Roads and improve supporting habitat features around fauna crossings
- Conduct annual monitoring.

Movement measures in the fence line of TA2 will enhance existing forest connectivity through the southwest of GBTA. Connectivity in the southwest is partly impacted by the Springfield-Greenbank Arterial Road. However, fauna in that area is not as funneled or subject to traffic volumes when compared to the very narrow north-eastern corner where the significantly busier

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Johnson Road/Stapylton Road junction (a) creates a barrier to faunal movement. The Offset Strategy therefore aims to preferentially promote faunal movement along the Oxley Creek corridor (b) in this area. **Figure 7** refers.

Table 2. Weeds treated in the 2023-2024 reporting period.

Scientific name	Common name	Weed Data 2023		Treatment
		TA2	TA1b	
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	annual ragweed	✓	✓	Folia Spray
<i>Asparagus aethiopicus</i>	ground asparagus	✓	✓	Cut Stump/Hand Pull/Foliar Spray
<i>Asparagus africanus</i>	climbing asparagus	✓	-	Cut Stump/Hand Pull/Foliar Spray
<i>Asparagus macowanii</i>	climbing asparagus	-	✓	Cut Stump/Hand Pull/Foliar Spray
<i>Asparagus plumosus</i>	climbing asparagus fern	-	✓	Cut Stump/Hand Pull/Foliar Spray
<i>Bryophyllum delagoense</i>	mother of millions	✓	✓	Folia Spray
<i>Bryophyllum x houghtonii</i>	hybrid mother of millions	✓	✓	Folia Spray
<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	Chinese celtis	✓	✓	Drill and Fill/Frill/Basal Bark/Foliar Spray
<i>Cinnamomum camphora</i>	camphor laurel	✓	✓	Drill and Fill/Frill/Basal Bark/Foliar Spray
<i>Lantana camara</i>	lantana	✓	✓	Cut Stump/Hand Pull/Foliar Spray
<i>Lantana montevidensis</i>	creeping lantana	✓	✓	Folia Spray
<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	broad-leaved privet	-	✓	Drill and Fill/Frill/Basal Bark/Foliar Spray
<i>Opuntia monacantha</i>	smooth tree pear	✓	✓	Frill/Basal Bark/Foliar Spray
<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	broadleaved pepper	-	-	Drill and Fill/Frill/Basal Bark/Foliar Spray
<i>Senecio madagascariensis</i>	fireweed	✓	✓	Folia Spray
<i>Sporobolus natalensis</i>	giant rat's tail grass	✓		Folia Spray
<i>Tecoma stans</i>	yellow bells	✓	✓	Drill and Fill/Frill/Basal Bark/Foliar Spray

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

Table 3. Round 1 Pre-control monitoring results.

Camera ID	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Observations	Max. Count in 1 Obs.
C1	-27.715628	152.990227	Dingo/Wild Dog	3	1
			Red Fox	8	1
C2	-27.699176	153.002029	Dingo/Wild Dog	1	2
C3	-27.684698	153.007651	No Pests Recorded	0	0
C4	-27.677744	153.007479	Red Fox	5	1
			Feral Cat	1	1
C5	-27.66942	152.997695	No Pests Recorded	0	0
C6	-27.657675	152.981387	Red Fox	1	1
			Feral Cat	1	1
C7	-27.636603	152.969508	No Pests Recorded	0	0
C8	-27.629944	152.940699	No Pests Recorded	0	0
C9	-27.647926	152.933566	Red Fox	1	1
C10	-27.666418	152.931819	Dingo/Wild Dog	1	1
C11	-27.677021	152.950359	Dingo/Wild Dog	3	1
C12	-27.6949	152.97047	Dingo/Wild Dog	4	3
			Red Fox	3	1

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

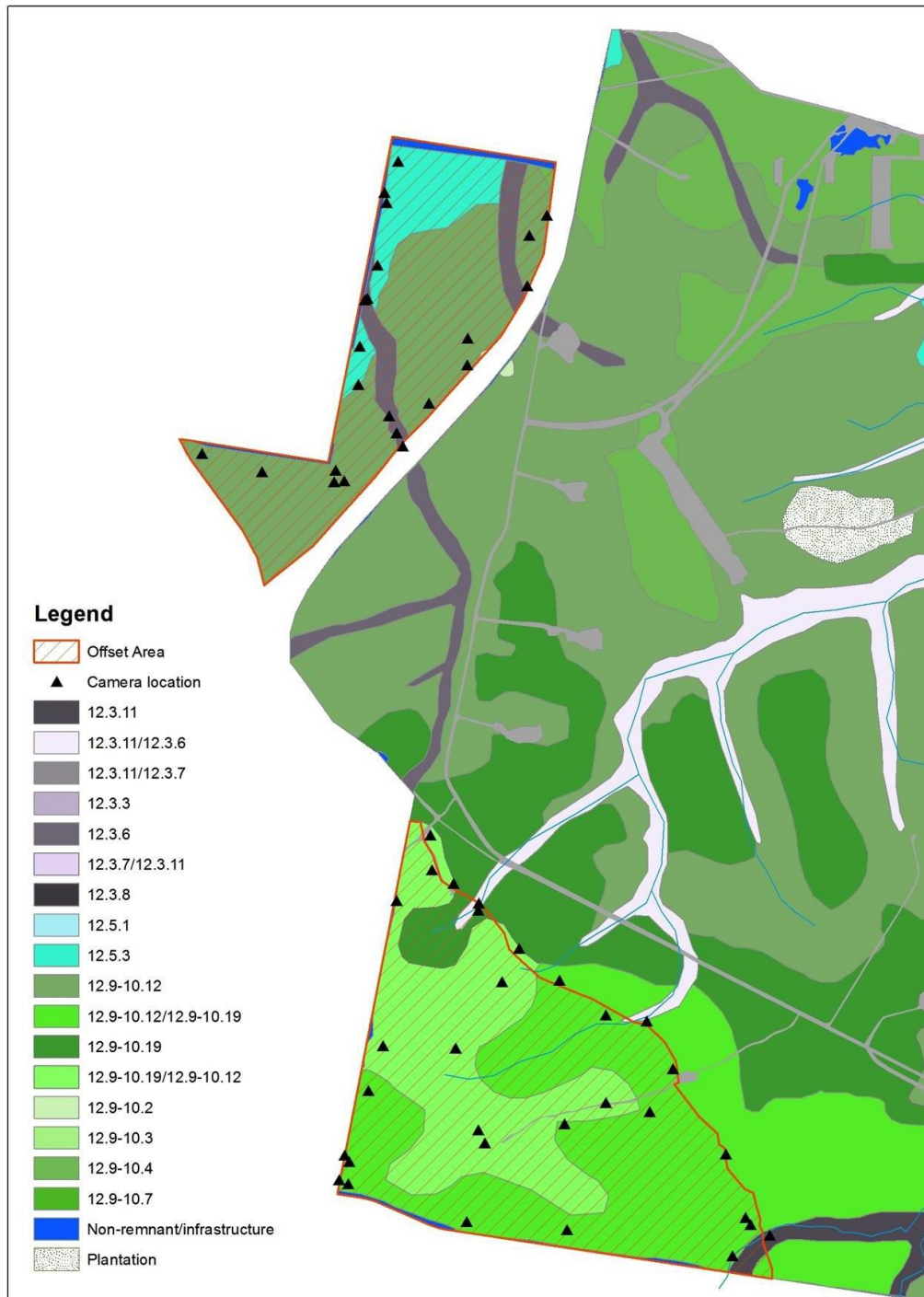


Figure 1. Remote camera locations within the offset area.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

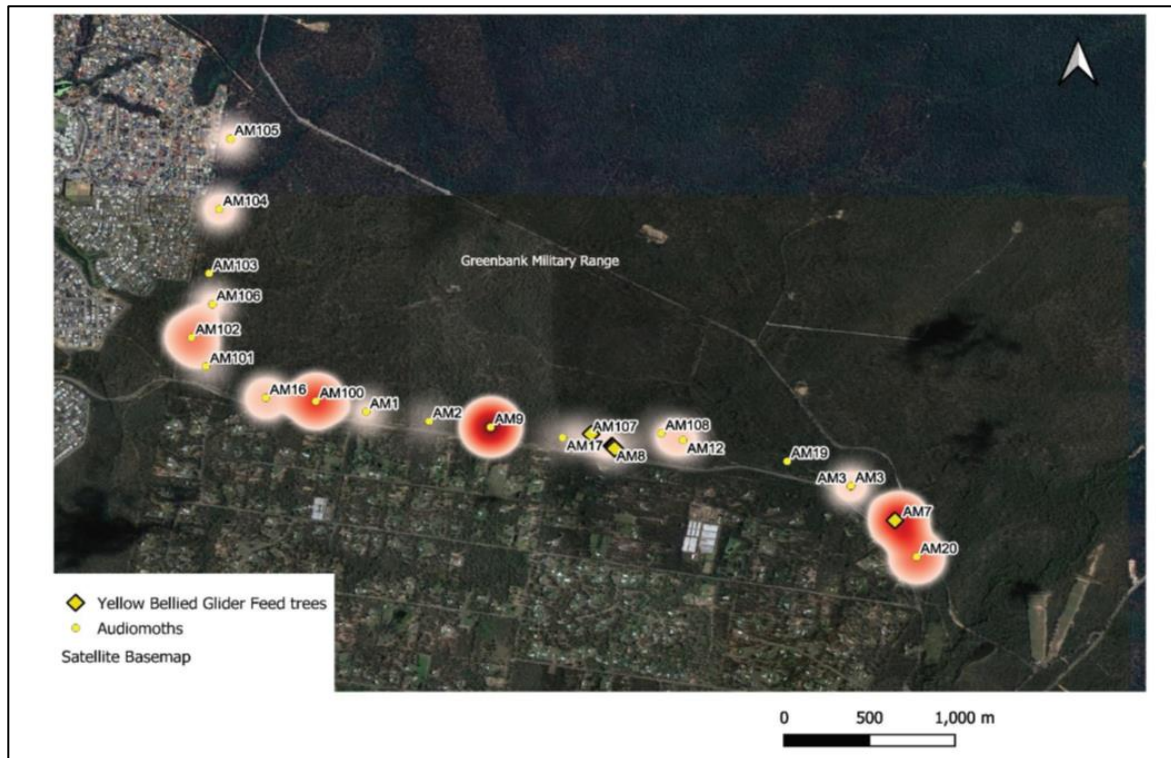


Figure 2. Monitoring results from Yellow Bellied Glider monitoring showing recorders with the greatest number of Yellow-Bellied Glider calls.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

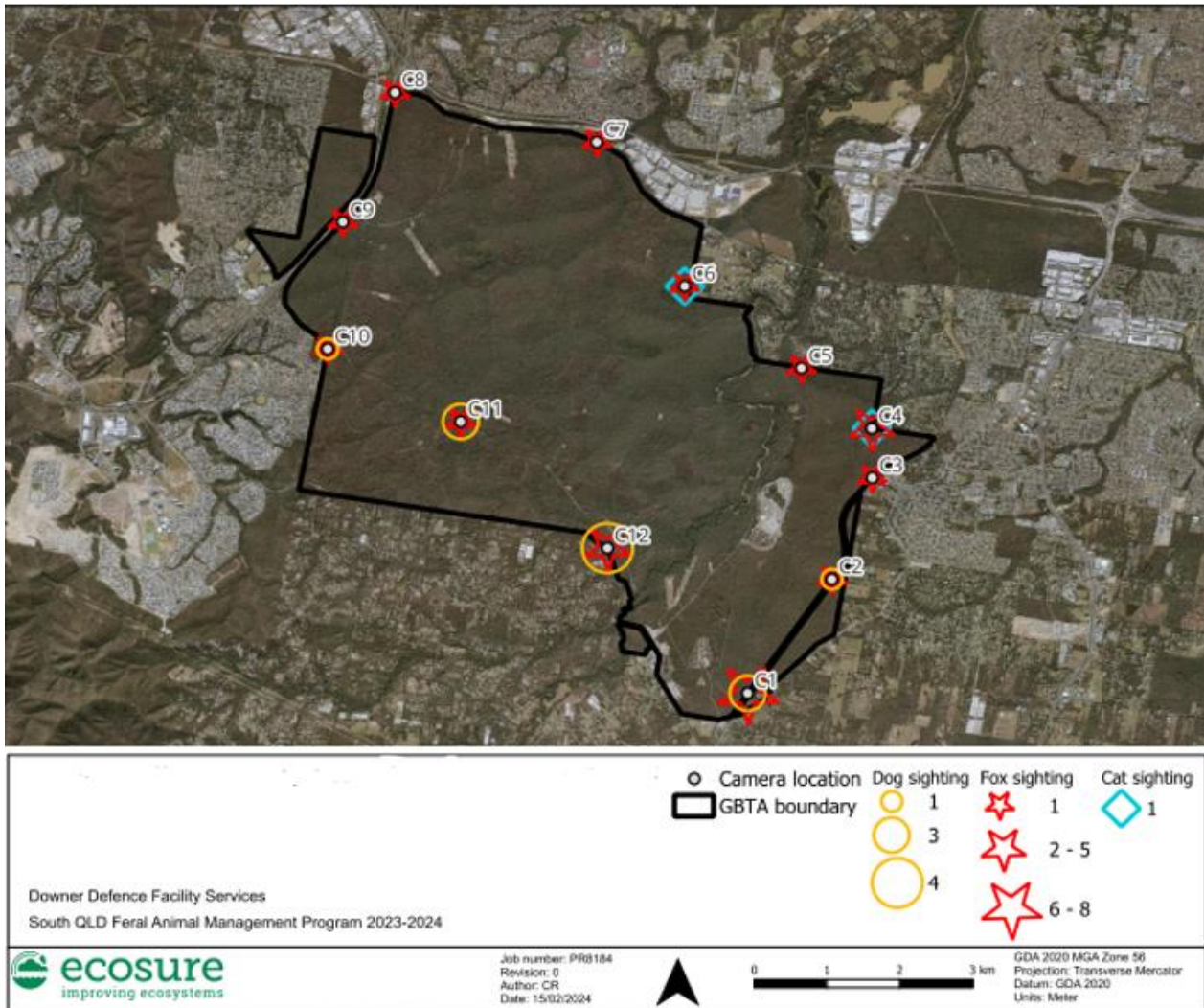


Figure 3. GBTA pest animal pre-control monitoring results Round 1.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

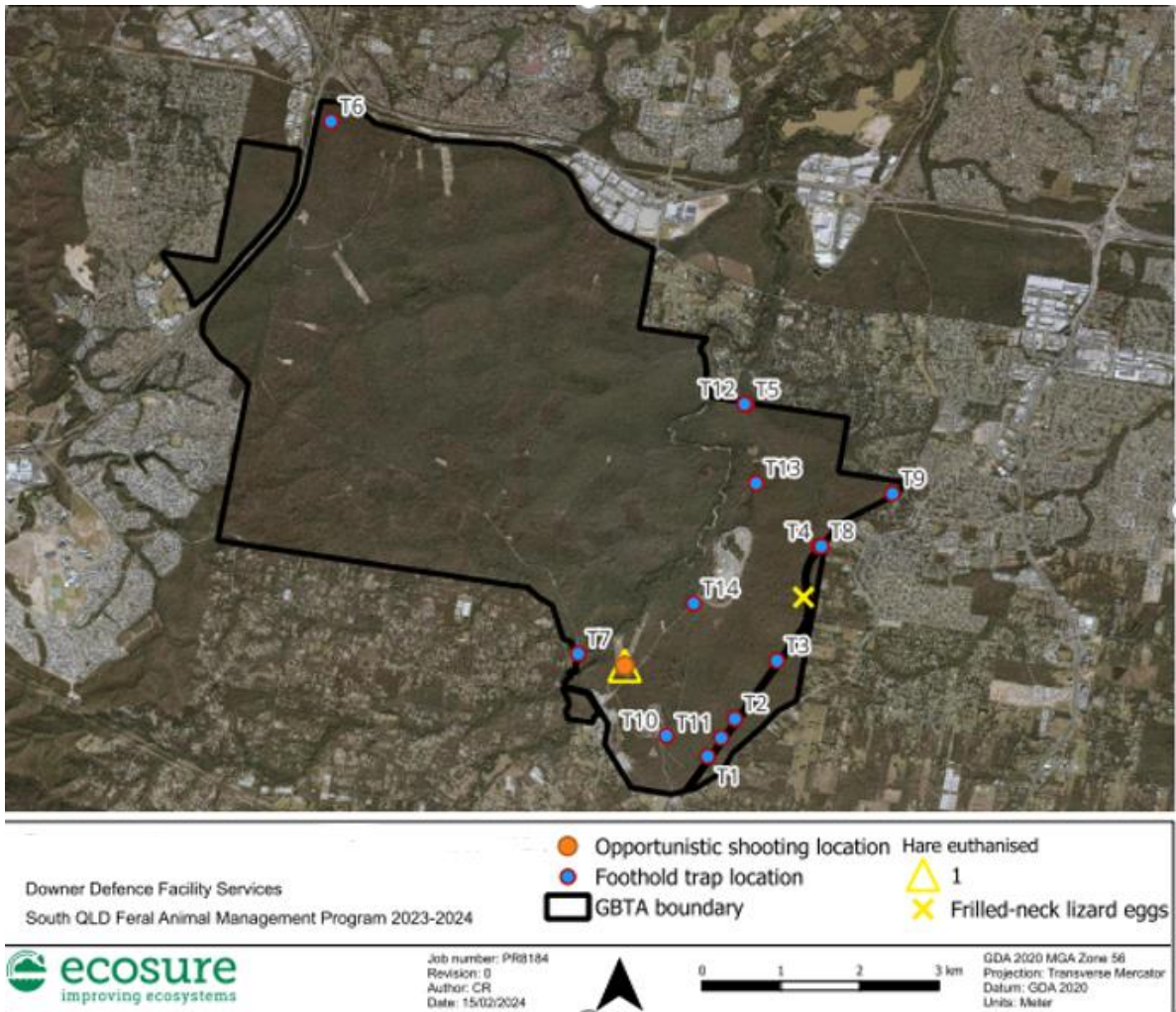


Figure 4. GBTA pest animal control results Round 1.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

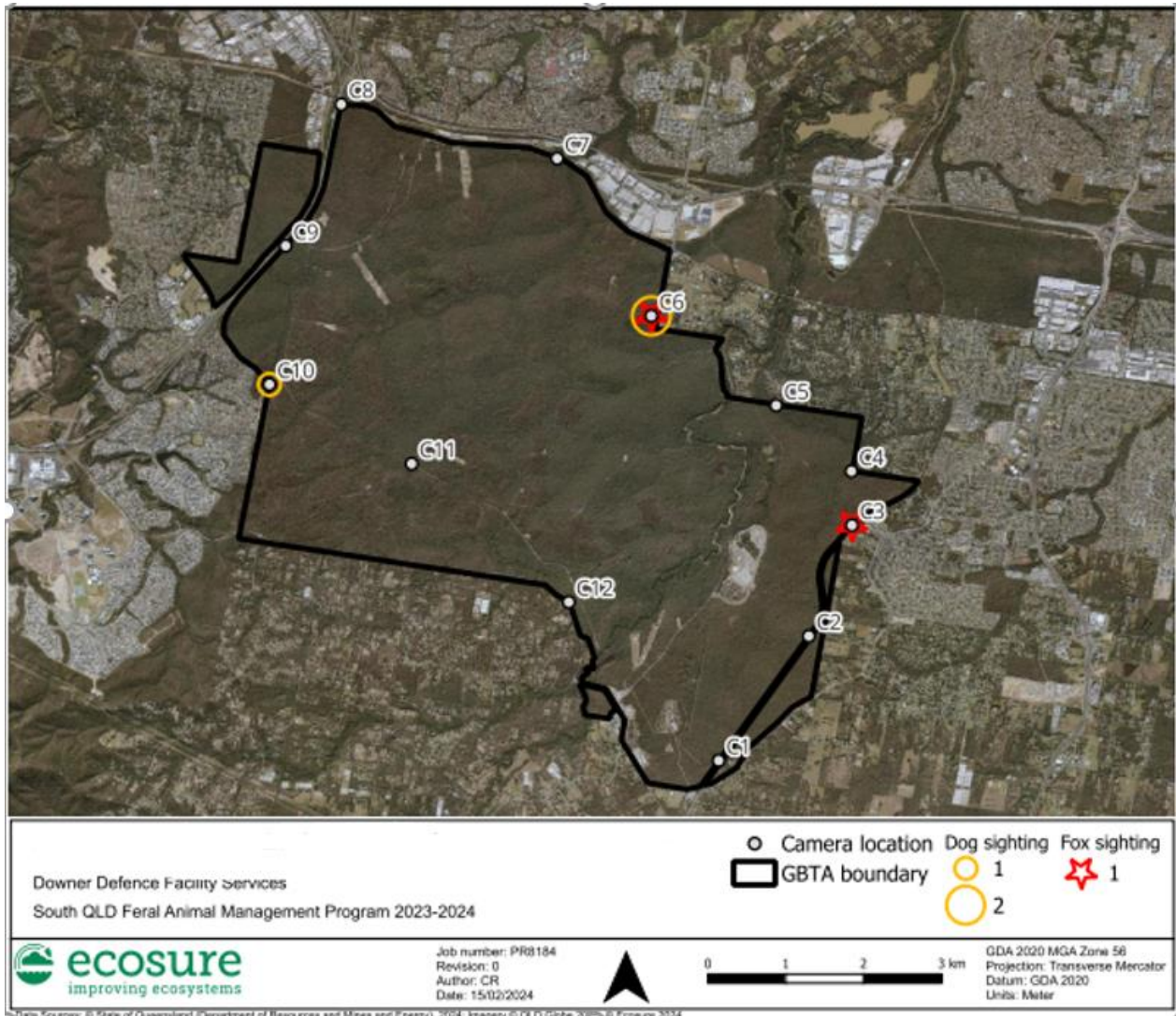


Figure 5. GBTA pest animal post-control monitoring results Round 1.

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area

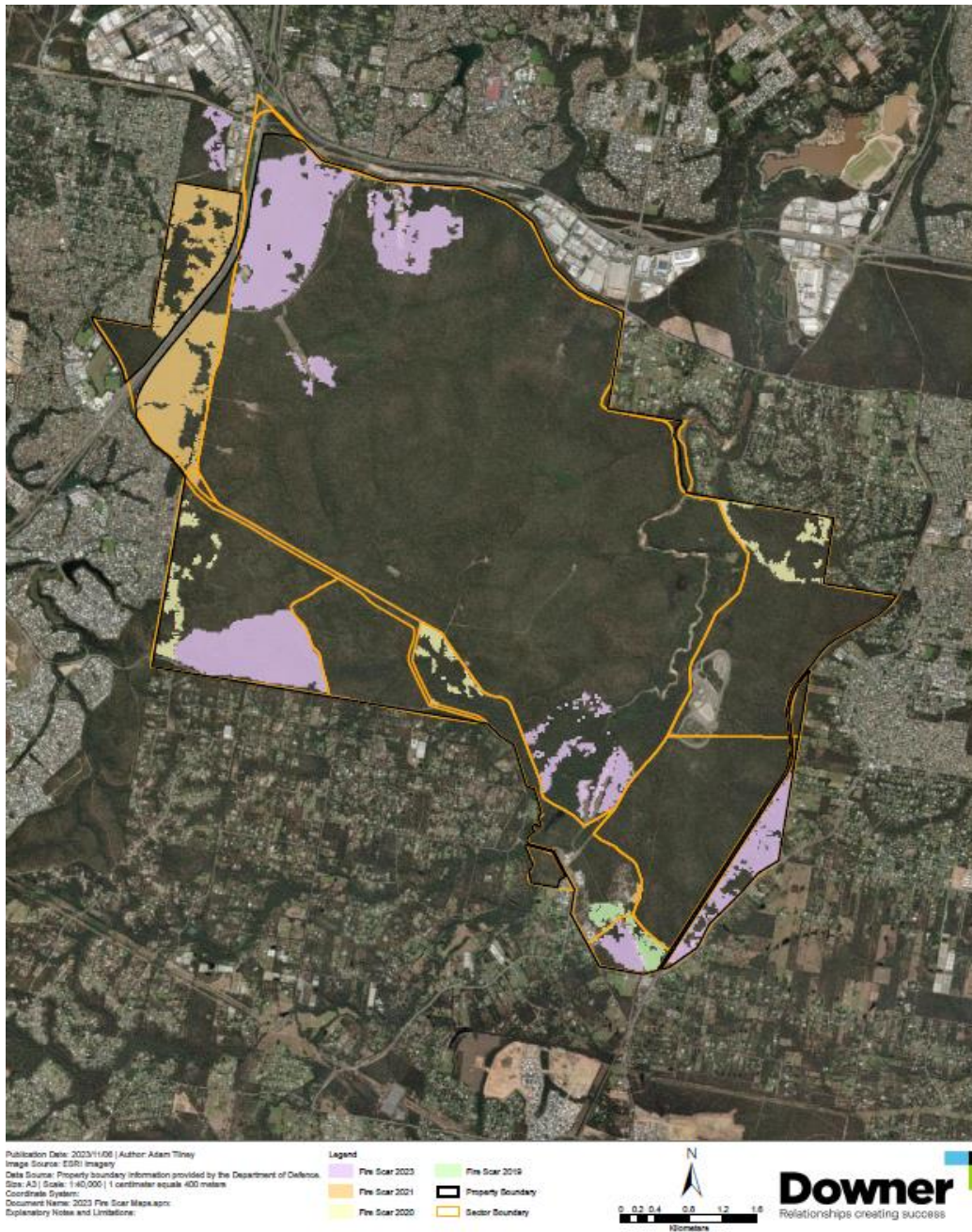


Figure 6. November 2023 hazard reduction burn program (purple indicates burn scar).

Annual Environment Offset Strategy Performance Report – Greenbank Training Area



Figure 7. Forest connectivity through GBTA and the Flinders Karawatha Corridor.