



**Australian Government**  
**Department of Defence**

**DEFENCE FOI 413/21/22 STATEMENT OF REASONS UNDER THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT**

1. I refer to the application by [REDACTED] under the *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (FOI Act) for access to:

*“I am writing to request access to and a copy of all environmental assessments pertaining to the site of the Belconnen Naval Transmission Station, otherwise known as Lawson North, or Lawson Grasslands. This includes all technical evaluations and economic impact modelling in reference to the site. I am requesting scope of documents from 2005.”*

**FOI decision maker**

2. I am the authorised officer pursuant to section 23 of the FOI Act to make a decision on this FOI request.

**Documents identified**

3. I identified two documents as matching the description of the request.

**Exclusions**

4. Personal email addresses, signatures, PMKeyS numbers and mobile telephone numbers contained in documents that fall within the scope of the FOI request, duplicates of documents, and documents sent to or from the applicant are excluded from this request.

**Decision**

5. I have decided to:
- release one document in full;
  - partially release one document in accordance with section 22 [access to edited copies with exempt or irrelevant matter deleted] of the FOI Act, on the grounds that the deleted material is considered exempt under section 47F [public interest conditional exemptions-personal privacy] of the FOI Act; and
  - remove irrelevant material under section 22 of the FOI Act.

**Material taken into account**

6. In making my decision, I had regard to:
- the terms of the request;
  - the content of the identified documents in issue;
  - relevant provisions in the FOI Act; and
  - the Guidelines published by the Office of the Australian Information Commissioner under section 93A of the FOI Act (the Guidelines).

## **Reason for decision**

### **Section 22 – Edited copies with exempt or irrelevant matter deleted**

7. Section 22 of the FOI Act provides that if an agency or Minister decides:

- (i) to refuse access to an exempt document; or*
- (ii) that to give access to a document would disclose information that would reasonably be regarded as irrelevant to the request for access*

and it is reasonably practicable to prepare a copy of the document modified by deletions, the agency or Minister must give the applicant access to the edited copy.

8. Considering all of the above, I decided that it was reasonably practicable to remove the material that did not fall within scope of this request and release the documents in that form.

### **Section 47F - Personal privacy**

9. Upon examination of the document, I identified personal information of individuals other than the applicant, specifically the names and contact details of personnel not employed by Defence.

10. When assessing whether the disclosure of personal information is unreasonable, I considered the following factors:

- a. the extent to which the information is well known.
- b. whether the person to whom the information relates is known to be (or to have been) associated with the matters dealt with in the document.
- c. the availability of the information from publicly accessible sources.
- d. the effect the release of the personal information could reasonably have on the third party.

11. I found that the:

- a. specific personal information listed is not well known.
- b. individuals whose personal information is contained in the documents are not widely known to be associated with the matters dealt with in the documents.
- c. information is not readily available from publicly accessible sources.

12. The release of the contact details of individuals identified in the documents could reasonably be expected to cause harm to their privacy.

13. Taking into account the above factors, I consider that the release of the personal information of individuals other than the applicant would be an unreasonable disclosure of personal information and conditionally exempt under section 47F(1) of the FOI Act.

14. Section 11A(5) of the FOI Act requires an agency to allow access to an exempt document unless, in the circumstances, access to the document would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest. My public interest considerations are set out below.

### **Sections 47F - Public interest considerations**

15. I have found that some of the identified documents are conditionally exempt under section 47F of the FOI Act. Section 11A(5) provides that, if a document is conditionally exempt, it must be disclosed ‘unless (in the circumstances) access to the document at that time would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest’.

16. I considered the factors favouring disclosure set out in section 11B(3) of the FOI Act. The relevant factors being that disclosure may promote some of the objects of the FOI Act, as information held by the Government is a national resource and it would allow the applicant access to their own personal information.

17. However, disclosure of this information would not increase public participation in the Defence process (section 3(2)(a) of the FOI Act), nor would it increase scrutiny or discussion of Defence activities (section 3(2)(b) of the FOI Act).

18. Paragraph 6.22 of the Guidelines specifies a non-exhaustive list of public interest factors against disclosure. The factors I find particularly relevant to this request are that release of this information could reasonably be expected to prejudice:

- a. the protection of an individual's right to privacy.
- b. the interests of an individual or a group of individuals.

19. It is for those reasons that I find that the public interest factors against disclosure outweigh the factors for disclosure and I deem the information exempt under section 47F of the FOI Act.

20. None of the factors listed in section 11B(4) [Irrelevant Factors] were taken into account when making my decision.



Lyn Harvey  
Accredited Decision Maker  
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