

JBS&G (43017-58535)

4 August 2014

Doug Wu
Project Manager
Boulderstone Pty Ltd
Via email: Doug.Wu@lendlease.com

**AMR 155 - Daily Airborne Asbestos Fibre Monitoring
Randwick Barracks, 373a Avoca Street, Randwick NSW**

Dear Doug,

Please find as **Attachment 1** the daily airborne asbestos fibre monitoring report for works completed at the Randwick Barracks Project site on **1 August 2014**.

All air monitoring was completed in strict accordance with the *Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres* [NOHSC: 3003(2005)], with NATA certification applying to all sample collection, handling and analytical procedures.

All reported results were satisfactory and below the minimum action levels for control monitoring as outlined in:

- Work, Health and Safety (2011) Regulation; and
- WorkCover Authority of NSW (2011) Code of Practice – *How to Safely Remove Asbestos*.

Please note, sample CM748113 (Lab ID: 14-Au00765) was void due to high dust loading on the membrane filter, in accordance with the requirements of NOHSC: 3003 (2005).

If you have any questions regarding these results, please feel free to contact the undersigned on 02 8245 0300 or by email msamuel@jbsg.com.au.

Yours sincerely:



Michael Samuel
Licensed Asbestos Assessor (LAA 000157)
JBS&G

Attachments: 1) Daily Airborne Asbestos Fibre Monitoring Report

Attachment 1 – Daily Airborne Asbestos Fibre Monitoring Report

Certificate of Analysis



NATA Accredited
Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.
The results of the tests, calibrations and/or
measurements included in this document are
traceable to Australian/national standards.

JBS & G (NSW & WA) Pty Ltd
Level 1, 50 Margaret St
Sydney
NSW 2000

Attention: Michael Samuel
Report: 427206-A
Client Reference: **RANDWICK 43017**
Received Date: 1 August 2014
Date Reported: 1 August 2014

METHODOLOGY:

Asbestos Sampling	Sampling as per the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission - Guidance Note on The Membrane Filter Method For Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres 2 nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)]
Pump Calibration	Mini Buck Model M-5: Calibrated against National Institute of Standards & Technology (NIST) SOP 13 Standard Operating Procedure for Calibration of Volumetric Ware, Gravimetric Method utilising a 1000 mL burette with a digital stop watch.
Asbestos Counting	Conducted in accordance with the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission - Guidance Note on The Membrane Filter Method For Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres 2 nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)] and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8010.

Site Reference: RANDWICK 43017
Date Sampled: 1 August 2014
Report: 427206-A

Eurofins mgt Sample No.	Client Sample ID	Pump ID	Location	Start (time)	End (time)	Start Flow Rate (L/min)	End Flow Rate (L/min)	Average Flow Rate (L/min)	Fibres/100 fields	Result (Fibres/mL)
14-Au00760	CM748260	SKC146	INSIDE LUNCH ROOM	08:00	12:35	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	< 0.01
14-Au00761	CM748185	SKC011	WEST BOUNDARY NORTH PORTION OF SITE	08:02	12:37	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	< 0.01
14-Au00762	CM748221	SKC144	EAST BOUNDARY NORTH PORTION OF SITE	08:04	12:39	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	< 0.01
14-Au00763	CM748388	SKC007	EAST BOUNDARY ADJACENT TO PLAYING FIELDS	08:06	12:41	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	< 0.01
14-Au00764	CM748241	SKC478	SOUTH BOUNDARY ADJACENT TO HOUSING	08:08	12:43	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	< 0.01
14-Au00765	CM748113	SKC517	WEST BOUNDARY, AVOCA STREET	08:10	12:45	1.8	1.8	1.8	VOID	VOID
14-Au00766	CM748082	BLANK	BLANK						0.0	

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results (regarding both quality and NATA accreditation).

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asbestos – LTM-ASB-8010	Sydney	1 August 2014	Indefinite

Eurofins | mgt Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Actual PQLs are matrix dependant. Quoted PQLs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
4. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries.
5. SVOC analysis on waters is performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
6. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
7. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the Sample Receipt Advice.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

****NOTE:** pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

UNITS

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram

mg/l: milligrams per litre

µg/l: micrograms per litre

ppm: Parts per million

ppb: Parts per billion

%: Percentage

org/100ml: Organisms per 100 millilitres

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units

MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

TERMS

Dry	Where moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery
CRM	Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands. In the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
Batch Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from a sample outside of the clients batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.
Batch SPIKE	Spike recovery reported on a sample from outside of the client's batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
APHA	American Public Health Association
ASLP	Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (AS4439.3)
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
COC	Chain of Custody
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
CP	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient
ACM	Bonded asbestos-containing material means any material containing more than 1% asbestos and comprises asbestos-containing-material which is in sound condition, although possibly broken or fragmented, and where the asbestos is bound in a matrix such as cement or resin. Common examples of ACM include but are not limited to: pipe and boiler insulation, sprayed on fireproofing, troweled on acoustical plaster, floor tile and mastic, floor linoleum, transite shingles, roofing materials, wall and ceiling plaster, ceiling tiles, and gasket materials. This term is restricted to material that cannot pass a 7 mm x 7 mm sieve. This sieve size is selected because it approximates the thickness of common asbestos cement sheeting and for fragments to be smaller than this would imply a high degree of damage and hence potential for fibre release.
FA	FA comprises friable asbestos material and includes severely weathered cement sheet, insulation products and woven asbestos material. This type of friable asbestos is defined here as asbestos material that is in a degraded condition such that it can be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. This material is typically unbonded or was previously bonded and is now significantly degraded (crumbling).

PACM	Presumed Asbestos-Containing Material means thermal system insulation and surfacing material found in buildings, vessels, and vessel sections constructed no later than 1980 that are assumed to contain greater than one percent asbestos but have not been sampled or analyzed to verify or negate the presence of asbestos.
AF	Asbestos fines (AF) are defined as free fibres, or fibre bundles, smaller than 7mm. It is the free fibres which present the greatest risk to human health, although very small fibres (< 5 microns in length) are not considered to be such a risk. AF also includes small fragments of bonded ACM that pass through a 7 mm x 7 mm sieve. (Note that for bonded ACM fragments to pass through a 7 mm x 7 mm sieve implies a substantial degree of damage which increases the potential for fibre release.)
AC	asbestos cement means a mixture of cement and asbestos fibres (typically 90:10 ratios)

QC - ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

RPD Duplicates:	Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:
Results <10 times the LOR:	No Limit
Results between 10-20 times the LOR:	RPD must lie between 0-50%
Results >20 times the LOR:	RPD must lie between 0-30%
Surrogate Recoveries:	Recoveries must lie between 50-150% - Phenols 20-130%.

QC DATA GENERAL COMMENTS

1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis - where reporting LCS data, Toxaphene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis - where reporting Spike data, Toxaphene is not added to the Spike.
5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and its Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory - Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time.
7. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
8. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) - where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
9. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Aroclor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS's.
10. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
11. Duplicate RPD's are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.

Comments

Volume Measurement : Mark Hunter, JBS&G has been trained by Eurofins | mgt and he conducted the sampling in accordance with the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission - Guidance Note on The Membrane Filter Method For Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)] methodology. Sampling pumps used by JGS&G were calibrated by Eurofins | mgt and therefore volume measurements contained in this report are traceable back to Eurofins | mgt. Eurofins | mgt are responsible for all data contained in this report.

Sample S14-Au00765- Sample examined as received; the sample was rejected due to excessive loading of gross aggregation of dust and/or fibres on the membrane filter and insufficient countable filter area as per 'Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres' NOHSC:3003(2005).

Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	No
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Organic samples had Teflon liners	N/A
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	N/A
Samples received within Holding Time	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code	Description
N/A	Not applicable

Authorised by

Jean Heng	Client Services
Nibha Vaidya	Approved Counter/Identifier
Alex Tam	Approved Counter/Identifier


**Glenn Jackson
National Laboratory Manager**

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report.

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Uncertainty data is available on request

Eurofins | mgt shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins | mgt be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.